

Tire & Shoe Impressions

Tire Impressions

- Class Evidence (indicates manufacturer & size)
- Provides information about tire size, tread width/design, manufacturer, turning radius & tire position
- A turn is the best place to obtain tire prints (provides information about wheelbase, track width, turning radius)
- Wear patterns: help to individualize a tire print (may be due to improper alignment, tears, or gouges)

Tire Tread



Tire Size



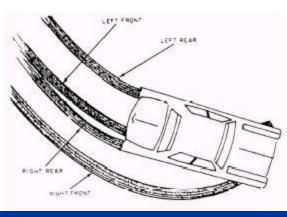






Tire Impressions on a Turn





Individualizing Evidence







Processing Tire Prints

- Two-Dimensional Prints photographed from a 90° angle
- Three-Dimensional Prints photographed & casted using dental stone (durable plaster) or Snow Print Wax. If the print is left in soft mud or sand, it must be sprayed with shellac before casting.

2-D Tire Impression

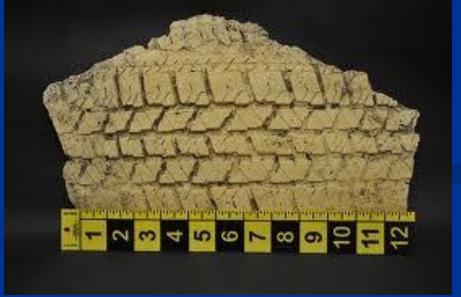




Casted Tire Impression





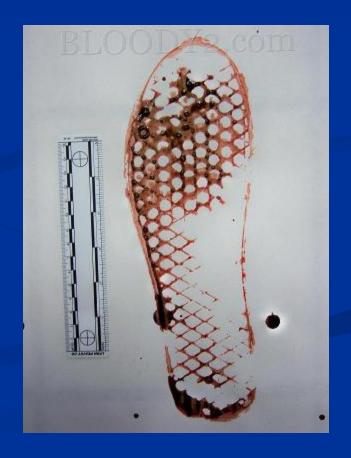


Shoe Impressions

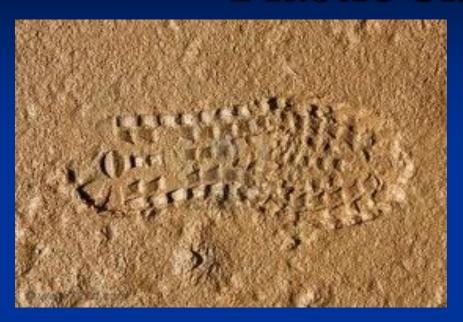
- 3 Types
 - Patent visible, from walking through dirt, dust, blood, paint, etc. (photographed)
 - Plastic 3-D, from walking through mud or snow (casted like tire impressions)
 - Latent invisible to the naked eye, left in the form of oil or grime on a smooth surface (can be dusted and lifted with tape like fingerprints

Patent Shoe Print



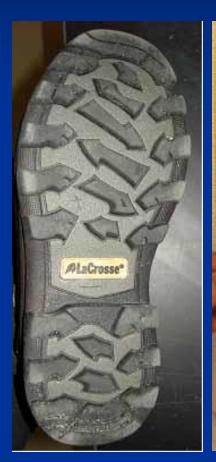


Plastic Shoe Print





Casted Shoe Impression





Information Gained

- Wear patterns (cuts, nicks, scratches)
- Size and style
- Gait patterns, length of stride
- Pigeon toed?



Wear Patterns





Style





Gait/Length of Stride





DIFFERENT TYPES OF FOOTPRINTS CARRYING LOAD RUNNING WOMAN MAN