

Do Now

Given that a car's speed is:

t(s)	0	1	2	3	4	5
v(m/s)	v_i 10	13	16	19	22	v_f 25

17.5 m/s

What's the average speed? 17.5 m/s

How far did it travel?

$$\bar{v} = \frac{v_i + v_f}{2}$$

$d = ?$ $\bar{v} = \frac{d}{t}$

$$d = \bar{v}t = (17.5 \text{ m/s})(5 \text{ s}) = 87.5 \text{ m}$$

3) Min (180°) A - B

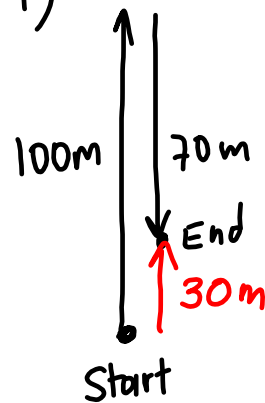
Max (0°) A + B

5)

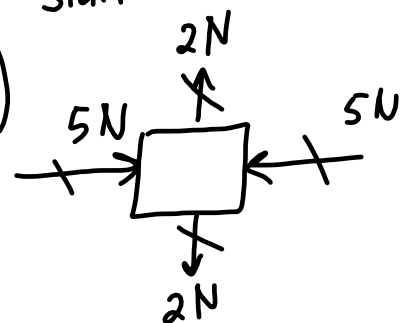


$\theta \uparrow, R \downarrow$

7)



9)



12)

Close to 60N

13)

16)

14)

15)

22)

23)

100N 25N

~~0~~ ~~50~~ 100 ~~150~~

Max 125

Min 75

24)

Distance : 12

Displacement 9....

25)

$\theta \downarrow, v \downarrow, H \uparrow$

Follow directions

units.

Back to our car...

t(s) 0 1 2 3 4 5

v(m/s) 10 13 16 19 22 25

Notice: V changes gradually every second

v(m/s) 10 13 16 19 22 25
+3 +3 +3 +3 +3

This quantity has a special name...

ACCELERATION

ACCELERATION

Acceleration indicates how the velocity

Ex: changes every second:

A car travels at 10 m/s and accelerates at 2 m/s every second.

Write the car's velocity for the following 5 seconds.

10 m/s, 12 m/s, 14, 16, 18, 20

What is the acceleration?

$v(\text{m/s}) = 3, 7, 11, 15, 19, \dots$

$\begin{array}{cccc} \vee & \vee & \vee & \vee \\ 4 & 4 & 4 & 4 \end{array}$

$$a = 4 \text{ m/s} / \text{s} = 4 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$\frac{\frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}}{\text{s}} = \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} \cdot \frac{1}{\text{s}} = \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$$

What is the acceleration?

$$v(\text{m/s}) = 100, 104, 108, 112, \dots$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \checkmark & \checkmark & \checkmark \\ 4 & 4 & 4 \end{array}$$

$$a = 4 \text{ m/s}^2$$

What is the acceleration?

$$v(\text{m/s}) = 20, 18, 16, 14, \dots$$

$$a = -2 \text{ m/s}^2$$

Write v for the next 4s

$$a = 1\text{m/s}^2$$

$$v(\text{m/s}) = 3, 4, 5, 6, 7$$

Write v for the next 4s

$$a = 5\text{m/s}^2$$

$$v(\text{m/s}) = 0, 5, 10, 15, 20$$

Write v for the next 4s

$$a = -3\text{m/s}^2$$

$$v(\text{m/s}) = 25, 22, 19, 16, 13$$

A car accelerates from 20m/s to 27m/s in 5s. What is its acceleration?



Equation #1: Constant acceleration

$$a = \frac{\Delta v}{t} \quad \Delta v = \text{change in velocity} \quad \text{Units?}$$

$$a = \frac{v_f - v_i}{t} \quad t = \text{time} \quad \text{Units?}$$

$$a = \frac{v_f - v_i}{t} \quad a = \text{acceleration} \quad \text{Units?}$$

$$v = 20 \quad 21.4 \quad 22.8 \quad 24.2 \quad 27$$

$$a = \frac{\Delta v}{t}$$

$$a = \frac{27\text{m/s} - 20\text{m/s}}{5\text{s}}$$

$$a = 1.4\text{m/s}^2$$

